SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS

From the OCC Report – The Great Mosaic: Reviving Ontario's Regional Economies



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- 1. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should embed stakeholder engagement within decision-making structures.
 - a. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should establish arm's length organizations to manage economic development initiatives or permanent advisory committees to guide them.
 - b. **Municipal governments should** consider whether their economic development offices would benefit from being structured as external corporations with Boards of Directors.
- 2. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should implement longer-term budgets for economic development agencies and programs.
- 3. The Government of Ontario should improve SME access to economic development information and programs via regional contact points.
- 4. The Government of Ontario should promote regional collaboration.
 - a. The Government of Ontario should act as a convener by offering forums for regional collaboration, including events, workshops, and online databases.
 - b. **The Government of Ontario should** identify potential areas of alignment between stakeholders with shared needs or priorities.
 - c. The Government of Ontario should champion partnerships that are working well as examples of successful models that may be replicated elsewhere.
- 5. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should prioritize economic reconciliation with Indigenous peoples.
 - a. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should foster long-term relationships with Indigenous business associations and other groups.
 - b. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should examine the relevance and accessibility of all economic development programs to Indigenous peoples, as well as the impacts (or lack thereof) on Indigenous outcomes.
 - c. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should make awareness training mandatory for staff who work with Indigenous businesses, peoples, or programs in any capacity.
 - d. **Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should** use procurement to support Indigenous entrepreneurship by providing suppliers with incentives to include more Indigenous content in their businesses.
 - e. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should work with Indigenous stakeholders to identify and invest in critical infrastructure projects in Northern Ontario.
- 6. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should enhance the use of data.

a. **Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should** earmark a greater share of departmental budgets for program evaluation.

- b. Ontario's Ministry of Economic Development, Job Creation and Trade should consider adopting the What Works approach to support economic development, using the UK's What Works Centre for Local Economic Growth as a model.
- c. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should work with other governments, the private sector, and research partners to develop a cohesive strategy to collect, share, and operationalize regional economic data.
- 7. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should prioritize infrastructure investments that unlock regional economic growth.
 - a. The Government of Ontario should collaborate with businesses, post-secondary institutions, and the Canada Infrastructure Bank to carry out infrastructure projects that are especially important for Ontario's regional development.
 - b. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should work together to introduce a federal program, similar to Quebec's Immigrant Investor Program, to attract foreign investment in Ontario's infrastructure projects.
 - c. The Government of Ontario should prioritize upgrades to rural transportation networks, with investments informed by industry representatives.
 - d. **The Government of Ontario should** reinstate funding for the Forest Access Roads Funding Program to its original level of \$75 million.
 - e. The Government of Ontario should expedite the four-laning of Highway 69.
 - f. The Government of Ontario should identify electricity infrastructure investments needed to continue guaranteeing a reliable supply of power under different demand scenarios.
 - g. The Government of Ontario should consider restructuring the Transmission Systems Code to enable transmitters to distribute infrastructure costs across more ratepayers over time.
- 8. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should modernize regulations that inhibit economic development.
 - a. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should build on the successes of Ontario's Mining Working Group to promptly address major barriers to economic development in other sectors and regions.
 - b. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should evaluate and communicate the economic and social benefits of important regulatory reforms to help build consensus among the public and municipalities.
 - c. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should commit to only introducing new regulations after undertaking appropriate socioeconomic impact analyses.
 - d. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should establish permanent advisory panels to regularly review regulations that may limit the implementation of innovative business models across different sectors.
 - e. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should adopt non-prescriptive regulations where possible.
- 9. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should work with businesses to champion Ontario's brand.

- a. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should establish clear value propositions for different sectors and regions, and promote these coordinated messages through trade missions around the world.
- 10. The Government of Ontario should focus business supports on enhancing productivity and accelerating growth.
 - a. The Government of Ontario should target financial support for businesses towards productivity enhancers such as skills training and technology adoption.
 - b. The Government of Ontario should establish an ongoing evaluation framework to ensure programs continue to make the best use of public dollars.
 - c. The Government of Ontario should consider where grants can be replaced with other financial instruments.
 - d. The Government of Ontario should consider introducing a Rural Investment Tax Credit in Ontario.
- 11. The Government of Ontario should cultivate a dynamic and inclusive ecosystem for workforce and talent development.
 - a. The Government of Ontario should establish formal mechanisms to feed local labour market information into program designs.
 - b. The Government of Ontario should target programs based on anticipated shortterm employment disruptions to local labour markets – such as plant closures – that may result from global trade agreements or automation, among other things.
 - c. The Government of Ontario should partner with post-secondary institutions and SMEs to offer work-integrated learning programs, particularly in regions where businesses have the most difficulty accessing the skillsets they need.
 - d. The Government of Ontario should develop a new seed funding program to support projects that develop the skills deemed most critical to the competitiveness of growing industries, and allocate funding on a regional basis.
 - e. The Government of Ontario should offer training in skills that enable remote work such as accounting, computer programming, and graphic design for residents outside large urban centres.
 - f. The Government of Ontario should improve access to experiential learning and other training opportunities for underrepresented segments of the labour market, including recent immigrants, Indigenous peoples, women, veterans, and people with disabilities.
 - g. The Government of Ontario should identify and earmark the financial resources needed to ensure consistent operation and long-term sustainability of Ontario's Indigenous Institutes.
 - h. The Government of Ontario should ensure that employers across all regions are aware of the availability and benefits of existing programs and tools.
- 12. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should address regional labour market needs by reforming immigration systems and encouraging worker mobility.

a. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should coordinate federal and provincial immigration procedures to streamline requirements and reduce wait times.

- b. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should make it easier for foreign talent to obtain accreditation and add more National Occupational Classification skill categories to the Ontario Immigrant Nominee Program (OINP) and the Global Talent Stream program.
- c. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should evaluate the results of the federal and provincial pilot projects to bring more immigrants to smaller communities and, if successful, establish them as permanent programs.
- d. The Government of Canada should increase Ontario's allocation of 6,900 OINP spots.
- e. The Government of Ontario should allocate a portion of its OINP spots on a regional basis.
- f. **The Government of Ontario should** inform immigrants and post-secondary students about employment opportunities in smaller communities.
- g. The Government of Ontario should become a formal community partner with SuccessionMatching.
- 13. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should work through post-secondary institutions and innovation centres to improve technology transfer.
 - a. **Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should** identify strategies to strengthen collaboration between post-secondaries and industry.
 - b. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should continue to support platforms, such as regional innovation centres, that build bridges between researchers and businesses.
 - c. Ontario's Ministry of Economic Development, Job Creation and Trade should identify channels to share best practices, learnings, and other knowledge across regional innovation centres.
 - d. The Government of Ontario should map regional and sectoral gaps in access to existing hubs and develop strategies to improve their reach.
- 14. **The Government of Ontario should** develop policies to fill the gaps in Ontario's innovation capacity.
 - a. The Government of Ontario should carry out a cost-benefit analysis to decide whether an innovation box system would work well in Ontario.
 - b. **The Government of Ontario should** focus financial support for innovation on segments of the economy in which the market typically underinvests.
- 15. Federal, provincial, and municipal governments should remove regulatory barriers that deter private sector investments in broadband.
 - a. The Government of Ontario should immediately begin consultations with industry to identify regulatory barriers to the expansion of broadband infrastructure.
 - b. The Government of Ontario should explore regulations and/or incentives to combine network expansion with transportation infrastructure projects.

c. The Government of Ontario should consider amending the Ontario Traffic Manual to allow for the use of third-party traffic controls.

- d. **Municipal governments should** work with telecommunications providers to identify and remove intrusive street bylaws, unreasonable terms for roadwork permits, and onerous construction standards.
- 16. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should ensure public funding for broadband is targeted, coordinated, and streamlined.
 - a. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should continue to plan for substantial spending on broadband, regardless of budgetary constraints.
 - b. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should disburse funds more strategically to complement (not compete with) private sector investments.
 - c. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should coordinate efforts to streamline the application and reporting process for participants.
 - d. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should ensure that reporting requirements are proportional to the scope of the projects and provide as much clarity as possible to local businesses regarding how their funds will be disbursed.
- 17. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should facilitate value-add cluster development.
 - a. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should build on previous work to map existing and emerging clusters.
 - b. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should evaluate the economic potential of existing clusters and prioritize investments in the industrial commons located in and around Ontario's most promising value-add clusters.
 - c. The Governments of Ontario and Canada should ensure Ontario's clusters have efficient access to international export markets and their needs are well represented in trade agreements.
 - d. **Municipal governments should** align their individual economic development strategies with cluster objectives.